

LAND USE

175 Attachment 2

City of Margate City

Appendix B

Plant Species List

[Amended 10-4-2018 by Ord. No. 24-2018]

The following is a list of recommended plant materials. Many of these plants have proved to be durable selections under the most adverse urban conditions in the northeast regions. Consequently, they have been assembled in an effort to provide the property owner with a flexible plant palette. This palette can in most situations include various combinations of the subsequently listed categories of plants (e.g., Red Maples as street trees with Sweetbay Magnolia, P.J.M. Rhododendron, English Yew and Pachysandra as immediate foundation plantings around the building).

Large Trees (Deciduous)

Red Maple species and cultivars (e.g., October Glory, Autumn Sunset), a native, wet-site-tolerant fast-growing tree with very small but profuse flowers in early spring and brilliant red fall color.

Green Ash “Patmore”, an extremely hardy tree that will withstand some of the most difficult planting sites. Dark green foliage, strong central leader and seedless.

Aristocrat Pear, more open and angled branching than other selections, with strong central leader, white flowers, purple or red to orange fall color.

Greenspire Littleleaf Linden, a highly valued street tree with slightly heart-shaped leaves, with small inconspicuous but fragrant flowers in early summer. They grab into a regular narrow oval form.

Halka Honeylocust, full rounded head, finely textured leaves and excellent yellow fall color.

Japanese Pagoda Tree, thrives under exceptionally harsh city conditions developing a large oval crown of glossy dark green foliage bearing large pyramidal trusses of fragrant white pea-shaped flowers in July and August.

Chinese Elm, grows well in unfavorable urban sites, vigorous growing with broad spreading head and uniform vase shape.

Bloodgood Variety London Planetree, a hardy street tree with peeling, flaking bark and ball-like fruit.

Poplar Hybrids (White and Silver), fast growing and tolerant of severe urban conditions with silvery undersides of leaves.

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Large Trees (Deciduous) (cont'd)

Sweetgum, a pyramidal-shaped tree with brilliant colorful star-shaped leaves in the fall and unusual shaped fruit.

Smaller Trees (Under utility wires) (Deciduous)

Kwanzan Cherry, a hardy flowering cherry with a straight trunk and good top. Branches begin at five or six feet from ground with pink flowers.

Fruitless Mulberry, fruitless variety of the mulberry with wide dark leaves withstanding the severest of urban conditions.

Village Green Zelkova, a rapidly growing tree with the vase shaped branching habit of our native American Elm.

Hedge Maple, a compact, low-growing tree with corky bark and distinctive, fine-textured foliage.

Hophornbeam, versatile native small tree, good for urban sites in sun or shade. Fall color varies from yellow or orange and bright red.

Ornamental Trees (Deciduous)

Sweetbay Magnolia, fragrant creamy white flowers in May. Nearly evergreen.

Shadblow Serviceberry, early white flowers, edible small red fruit. Very popular as a flowering clump tree. Fall color varies from orange to red.

River Birch, large triangular dark green leaves and showy pinkish-white peeling bark. Low branched, singly or multi-stemmed.

Crabapple Species, small flowering ornamental tree with apple-like fruits.

Lilac, heart-shaped leaves with fragrant flowers and brown fruit capsules, really a shrub.

Washington Hawthorne, glossy green foliage and long-lasting scarlet fruit, with white flowers in June.

Evergreen Trees

Eastern Red Cedar, a very versatile native evergreen; tolerates drought, poor soils and seashore conditions.

American Holly, smooth gray bark, red fruits and dull green foliage; protect from prevailing winds.

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Evergreen Trees (cont'd)

Japanese Black Pine, a dark green pine of irregular, open habit. The best seashore conifer for its remarkable salt tolerance and picturesque form.

Colorado Spruce, grayish blue needles developing into a dense narrow pyramid-shaped evergreen.

Nellie Stevens Holly, dark green glossy evergreen foliage with large red fruit; very hardy.

American Arborvitae, dark green, compact and symmetrical in form. The best of the taller arborvitae.

Leyland Cypress, fast-growing, soft-textured feathery foliage, grayish-green color.

Hollywood Juniper, light-green-colored foliage, columnar-shaped and extremely salt tolerant.

Shrubs (Large/Deciduous)

Bayberry, a widely adaptable plant with decorative gray berries and glossy aromatic foliage; highly salt tolerant and native to coastal and seashore areas.

Sand Cherry, beautiful deep burgundy leaves all summer. White flowers in spring. Very hardy.

Beach Plum, excellent native seashore plant with blue fruits in the fall.

Hydrangea

Peegee, bears enormous trusses of white flowers in August, which later turn to deep pink.

Oakleaf, leaves turn a deep red-bronze.

Rugosa Rose, rich green foliage, large red fruits, pink flowers June to September; good seaside plant.

Blackhaw Viburnum, white flowers, blue-black fruits. One of the best of all native plants for a dense hedge.

Arrow Wood Viburnum, excellent in wet soil on roadside and in shore areas. Purple and red during autumn.

Compact Winged Euonymus, excellent hedge with corky bark and extraordinary crimson red fall color.

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Chockberry, native plant with clusters of small white flowers in May, glossy red berries persisting into winter. Brilliant red fall color.

Shrubs (Large/Deciduous) (cont'd)

Fragrant Sumac, clusters of small yellow flowers in April and May followed by coral-red fruits in June. Aromatic foliage, colorful in fall.

Witchhazel, a native shrub with pale yellow to orange fragrant flowers blooming in late fall.

Clethera, a native shrub with fragrant white flowers from July to September. Fall color is buttery yellow; growing well in partial to full shade.

Shrubs (Small/Deciduous)

Memorial Rose (Wichuraiana), prostrate trailing plant. Rich shiny foliage, almost evergreen. White flowers, late blooming. Excellent ground cover.

Cotoneaster Species, rich small box-like foliage, abundant bright red fruit.

Anthony Waterer Spirea, rose red flowers all summer, good fall foliage color.

Bush Cinquefoil, large pure white flowers standing out against blue-green foliage.

Glossy Abelia, evergreen. Flowers white-tinted lilac. Blooms all summer.

Shrubs (Large/Evergreen)

Inkberry Holly, native seashore planting with evergreen dark shiny leaves which become purplish in the winter.

Japanese Holly, convexed foliage, dark glossy green, growing rapidly broader than taller.

Densiflora Yew, the finest dense spreading yew. Fast-growing and compact.

P.J.M. Rhododendron, the most reliable, cold-hardy evergreen rhododendron, with dark green foliage and small bright lavender to pink flowers in mid to late April.

Chinese Holly, dark green glossy evergreen foliage with large red fruit; very hardy.

Blue Hollies, dark blue-green foliage, good berries.

Cherry Laurel, vigorous shrub with shiny, evergreen leaves, leathery in texture and able to withstand heavy pruning.

Mountain Laurel, a beautiful native broadleaf evergreen with large clusters of pink and white flowers in mid-June.

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Shrubs (Small/Evergreen)

Kurume Azaleas, highly popular evergreen spring-flowering shrubs with a profusion of blooms from April to June.

Leucothoe, useful native broadleaf evergreen; lower spreading habit; tolerant of shade. A perfect companion plant for azaleas and rhododendrons.

Mugho Pine, dwarf and slow growing. Forms a round-topped clump. Useful for rock garden plantings.

Bayberry, rugged low hedge plant.

Skimmia, thick and heavy spreading, bright yellow green foliage requiring shade for growth.

Gaultheria, lustrous evergreen leaves with bell-shaped white flowers growing as a ground cover.

English Yew, a very low-growing dense-spreading variety, useful for foundation planting. Will thrive in shade.

Ground covers

Hardy English Ivy, a hardy clone of English Ivy.

Purpleleaf Wintercreeper, foliage is narrow and long, becoming rich reddish-purple in the fall. Good in low foundation plantings and under low windows. Desirable for winter contrast with other evergreens.

Periwinkle, trailing evergreen. Glossy foliage. Blue flowers in spring. Excellent ground cover in sun and shade.

Pachysandra, evergreen, good ground cover for shady places.

Fern Species: Sweet Fern, an aromatic fernlike woody plant.

Perennials

Black-eyed Susans, highly decorative, golden yellow flowering perennial. Blooms from July to the first frost.

Lily turf, evergreen, grass-like perennial is quite attractive grouped in mass or as a ground cover.

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Coreopsis, low, fine-textured perennial that produces yellow-orange flowers. Drought tolerant once established.

Perennials (cont'd)

Hostas, handsome, broad-leafed, with a variety of colorations. Prefers moist location in full or partial shade.

Asters, brightly colored classic companion plant to many perennial varieties.

Astilbe, rugged, yet beautiful plants that throw long, colorful spikes over shiny and decorative foliage.